

2 & 3 March 2011 GNSS Application:

## Field Monitoring and collection of data using NICK



Craig Beech | Information Systems Manager

Stefan Steenekamp | GIS Specialist / Database Administrator

#### PEACE PARKS FOUNDATION

11 Termo Road | Techno Park | Stellenbosch 7600 | Republic of South Africa | Tel: +27 (0)21 880 5100 | Fax: +27 (0)21 880 1173 | www.peaceparks.org



1. Introduction to PPF 2. Animal Tracking Habitat Preference Modelling 3. PPF Climate Change REDD+ Projects **Biomass Monitoring Community based monitoring** 4. NICK 5. Conclusion



Click anywhere except here to play movie

## **PPF Focus Areas**



#### O TREATY SIGNED

- 1 | AI- | AIS/RICHTERSVELD TRANSFRONTIER PARK (Namibia/South Africa)
- 2 KGALAGADI TRANSFRONTIER PARK (Botswana/South Africa)
- GREAT LIMPOPO TRANSFRONTIER PARK (Mozambique/South Africa/Zimbabwe)

#### O MOU SIGNED

- 3 LIMPOPO/SHASHE TRANSFRONTIER CONSERVATION AREA (TFCA) (Botswana/South Africa/Zimbabwe)
- 5 LUBOMBO TFCA (Mozambique/South Africa/Swaziland)
- 6 MALOTI-DRAKENSBERG TRANSFRONTIER CONSERVATION & DEVELOPMENT AREA (Lesotho/South Africa)
- 7 IONA-SKELETON COAST TFCA (Angola/Namibia)
- 9 KAVANGO-ZAMBEZI TFCA (Angola/Botswara/Namibia/Zambia/Zimbabwe)
- 11 MALAWI/ZAMBIA TFCA (Malawi/Zambia)
- 14 CHIMANIMANI TFCA (Mozambique/Zimbabwe)

#### O CONCEPTUAL PHASE

- | LIUWA PLAIN-MUSSUMA TFCA (Angola/Zambia)
- 10 LOWER ZAMBEZI-MANA POOLS TFCA (Zambia/Zimbabwe)
- 12 NIASSA-SELOUS TFCA (Mozambique/Tanzania)
- MNAZI BAY-QUIRIMBAS TRANSFRONTIER CONSERVATION AND MARINE AREA (TFCMA) (Mozambique/Tanzania)

## 3. Great Limpopo TFCA

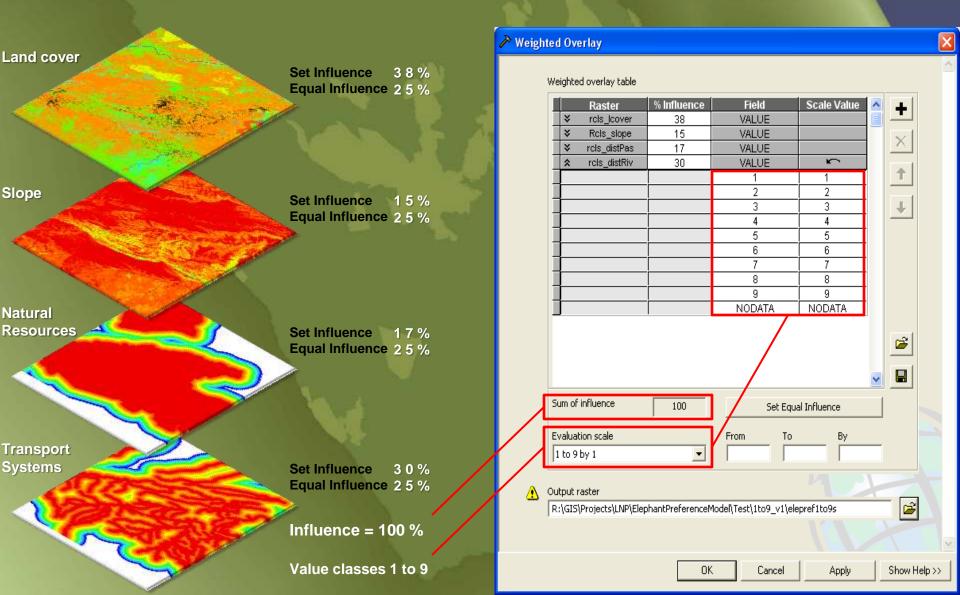


## **Elephant Preference Model**

### • GLTCA

- KNP Elephant Numbers
- PNL Elephant Restocking
- Animal Movement 3 Year Monitoring
- Elephant (species) Preference Models
  - Land Cover Mapping
  - Land Use Mapping
  - Hydrology
  - Vegetation
  - Infrastructure

## Elephant Preference Model Spatial Analyses



## Mapping & Monitoring Trends 📕 9 - High preference value 8 7 6 5 - Medium, but not preferred 4 3 2 1 - Low preference value High Concentration

## 8. Kavango Zambezi



## **Biomass Monitoring: Background**

## Remote sensing

- Provide synoptic coverage of wide spatial area
- Provide blanket coverage
- Cost effective
- Timeous data acquisition

## Field inventory methods

- Limited sample size
- Do not cover inaccessible areas
- Relatively expensive
- Time-taking
- Integrating field inventories and remote sensing techniques in optimal ways



## **Objectives**

Establish a Baseline

Monitor Change

Determine Biomass & Carbon





Fire Reduction



- Avoided Deforestation
- Additional Sequestration (planting trees)



## Steps Involved

- Quantify and map current stock
- Monitor change in stock can only sell change
- Make sure other sources are not affected
- Avoid shift of deforestation from one to another

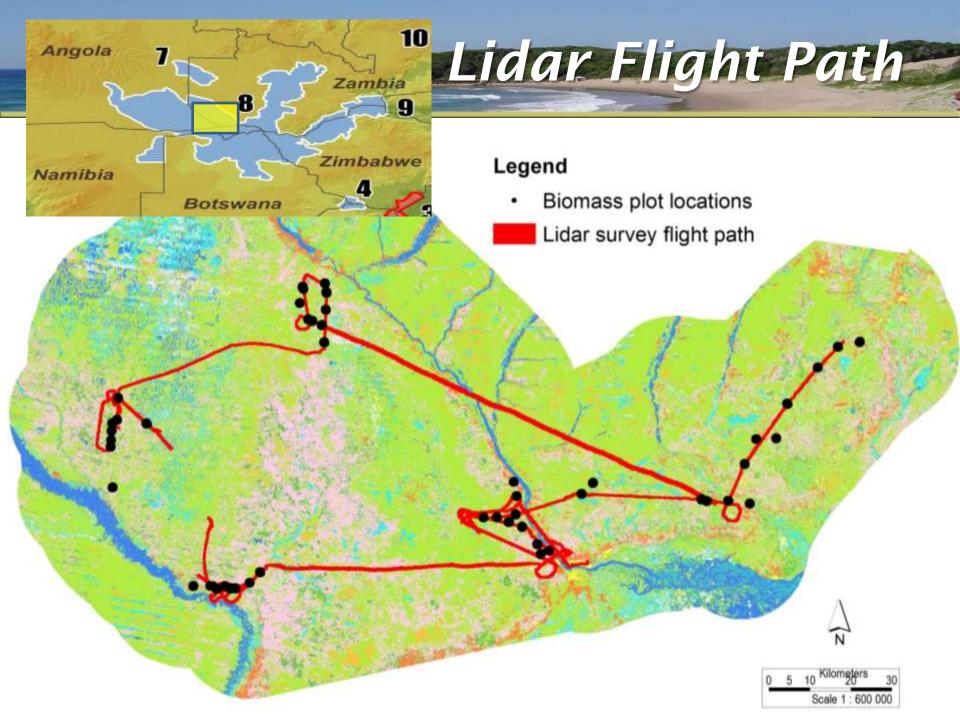






## Lidar Survey

- <u>General aim</u>: explore the utility of remote sensing techniques to quantify and monitor forest carbon stock in support of REDD+.
- Specific objectives:
  - Estimate biomass using field survey; RS and lidar data,
  - Assess the possibility of training coarse but large spatial area imagery (e.g. SPOT) using lidar data.



## Lidar Survey Data Products

- Flying height = 800m
- High spatial resolution aerial imagery
  - Rectified
  - Red, Green, Blue colours
  - ~<u>10 cm</u> spatial resolution
- Lidar point returns
  - Discrete returns
  - Vertical accuracy 0.014m
  - 1-m average postings
  - Classified as ground or non-ground returns



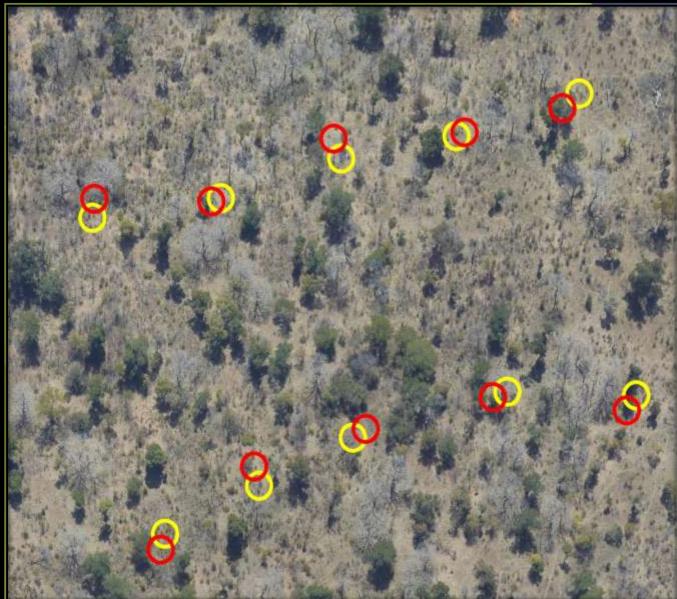
500m by 500m block of imagery

**Poor Accuracy?** 

#### Most likely reason:

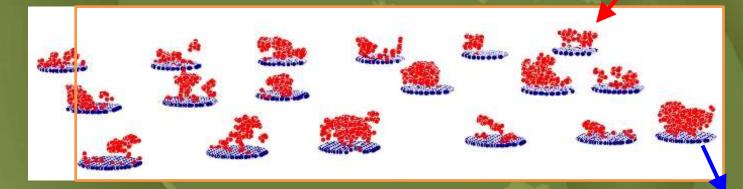
- GPS accuracy to locate sub-plot centre was <u>5 m</u>
- Radius of subplot was <u>5 m</u>

 There could be a significant offset of plot location

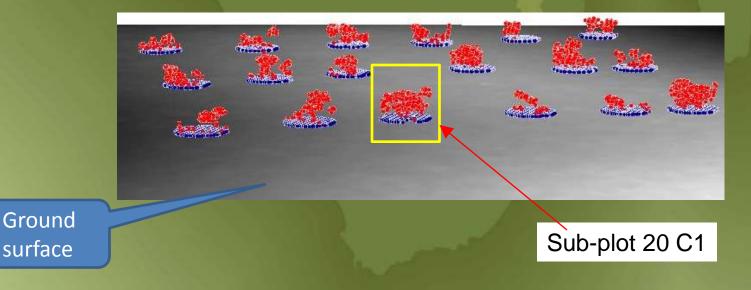


## Visualizing Point returns-vs Ground Surface

Non-ground returns (red)



#### **Ground returns(blue)**



## REDD+

- **Community based Monitoring**
- Fire Management
  Socio-Economic Indicators

## Where has there been fire?

## What was the cause, how many hectares burned?



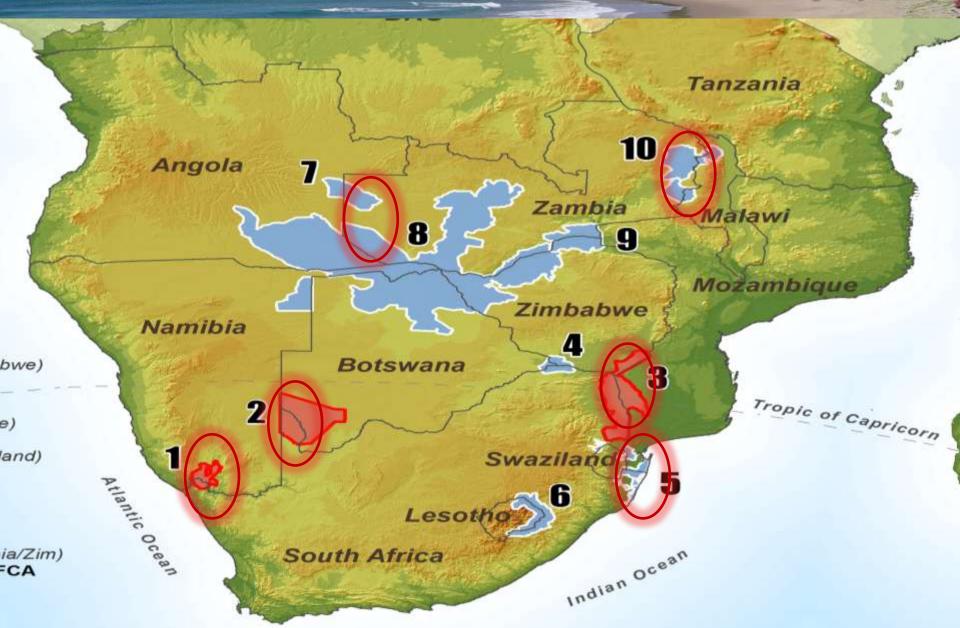
## What is the crop damage by elephants?

# Where and How do villagers collect honey and other forest products?

Which medicinal plants are collected in Dec-Feb?

## **Please meet NICK** (Natural Information Collection Kit)

## NICK de Ployed



and the state of the second life

## What is the objective with NICK?

#### • Collect Field Information

- Culture
- Human/Wildlife
- Illegal Activities
- Management tasks
- Marine
- Points of Interest
- Socio-Economic
- Species

#### • Visualize/Query Field observations

- Import GPS data
- Search based on user defined criteria
- Visualize data spatially on a customized base map
- Query mapped information
- Report
  - Monitoring; Reporting; Evaluation & Verification
  - Create a report per area, observer, date range
  - Export spatial and tabular data to pdf



#### • Database maintenance

- Easy backup/restore and e-mail to HO

#### • Dynamic Data

- Add your own list
- Once added it will be available as an option to choose

#### • File Store

- Allow for the storage of multi-media files
- Includes photo's, movie clips etc.
- Field capture Forms
  - User friendly forms are stored within the application
  - Users can update/print as needed

## Spatial data/work flow

Feedback to field staff

Send CD to PPF



- Keep paper forms as backup
- Check that all data was captured .

## What about Citizen Science?

- Everyone is a potential data collector
- Observe & Measure
- Data is Data is Data
- Information
- Use your computer, use your mobile; use NICK!

## Conclusion

- Field data is often recorded by GPS
- Addressing the GPS accuracy aspect
- Field data is not standardized
- Analyses is often based on this
- Decision Support Tools

## Thank You/ Questions

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